Terms of the Richmond Euquirer.

WARRANTED FRESH AND GENUINE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

A RTICHORE—Green Globe
ASPARAGUS—Globe
ASPARAGUS—Globe
BEANS—Large and small Limn, Scarlet Runners, Red Cram

stones must be accompanied with the advance of references, to insure execution, alvertising may amount to \$100 per annum, a make of 20 per cent,; and to \$50, of 10 per cent, and to \$50, of 10 per cent, and to \$50, of 10 per cent, acts adjusted to take a limited number of yearly advertication of the state of the whole be extracted understand the fact, that an annual advertisement, twice a in every paper, and once a week in every other crisers will be strictly limited, however, to the nort general terms—and to a single advertise set by process for an enlargement beyond the shall have the privilege of changing their adversations of the strictly discussed the strictly and account of the strictly and the sample advertise at the privilege of changing their adversations of annual advertisements. weekly.

twice a week,

ad Marriages from the country, whenever

GRETAIL GROCERY, COSIMISSION AND GRAVARDING BUSINESS.

old and well established stand lately occupied Anderson, Jr., & Co., corner of D and suppose of conducting the above named busised the services of Mr. David Anderson, Jr., Mobby, late members of the said concern, to control of the business. From their experiment and the wheat trade, and my own frust, by strict attention to all business concent, to give satisfaction to those who may fattenance. I solice a return of the old free using ers of the late firm of David Anderson, Jr., & this generally. I am now laying in my stock beet, by the 1st April, to have my assortment to supply orders. Being very conveniently riding of goods to the country, particular alto that department of the business.

at to a decree of the Circuit Superior Court

or limb.

I notice of the effect of my remedies is from the It was one of the cases under treatment before ecome so bad. While practising als elected duties account and Covington, as to compel him to sturely, and return to his forend; in the East: From the Christian Secretary.

From the Christian Secretary,

HARLIPON, Oct. 30, 1-41.

I said you a brief statement of facts relatating to
Take is done the more cheerfully, as I feel promptand by a desire that others similarly afflicted, may

and comfort have been, in the meantime,

commanding officer of the Navy Yard, Washington, District of Columbia.

To those persons whose offers may be accepted, particular schedules, drawing, and models, descriptive of the several parts and portion of the States; its members were all appointed by the Columbia.

To those persons whose offers may be accepted, particular schedules, drawing, and models, descriptive of the several parts and portion of the States; its members were all appointed by the Columbia.

To those persons whose offers may be accepted, particular schedules, drawing, and models, descriptive of the several parts and portion of the States; received their authority from their separate States; to dead by the States in forming the Constitution, as which none need mistake; and 3d. Dr. S. is a displayment of the motion of the contracts, and ten per centum in addition to mistake; and 3d. Dr. S. is a displayment of the motion of the contract, and ten per centum in addition of the district of the amount of all bills will be retained as collateral security for the faultful performance of the contracts, which will only be paid on their satisfactory completion. And ninety per centum of all deliveries will be paid on bills properly authenticated according to the motion, each ratifying by itself, for itself, for the faultful performance of the contracts, which will only be paid on their satisfactory completion. And ninety per centum of all deliveries will be paid on bills properly authenticated according to the provisions of the contractor made accepted, particular security for the mount of all bills will be required for each object, will be paid on the mount of the contracts, which will only be paid for each object, will be required for each object, will be the states; received their authority from their setups to the facility that the description of the States in forming the Constit

ham CRESS_Curled or Peppergrass CUCUMBER—Early Frame, Early Cluster, Long Green, Gher-

kin for Pickling CORN-Early Sugar, Early Tuscarora ENDIVE-Green Curled

PEPPER.—Cayenne and Squash
PARSNIP—Leng White, Gurnsey or Dutch
PARSLEV.—Fine Curled
RHURARD—Undulated for Tarts
RADDISH.—Long Scarlot, Short Top, Long Salmon, White
Turnip, Red Turnio, Back Spanish
SALSIFY—Or Vegetable Oyster
SPINACH.—
SQUASH —Early Bush, Orange Warted, Vellow Crook Neck

Feb. 24

the State generally, and see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see if it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to their interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to the interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to the interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to the interest to encourage domestic manual see it is not to encourage domestic manual see it is not

PRINTING INK .- We shall have constantly on hand a full ry, in being the high court before which all impeach-

8 sets for Sloops of war

8 sets for Serigates
6 do, for Ships of the Line
4 do, for Ships of the Line
CAMBOOSES. 6 cambooses for Frigates
6 do, for Shops of war
6 do, for small vessels
All the aforesaid Iron must be of the best quality, and of Ame

Special state of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special State of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special State of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special State of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special State of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special State of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special State of the Credit System, than the Editors of Special Specia son, according to his theory, that the President is not chosen by the voice of the numerical majority, and does

BEANS—Large and small Lima, Scarlet Runners, Red Cramberry
SNAP BEANS—Early China, Early Vellow, Paris six weeks.
Refugee or 1,600 to one, Red Marrow, Early Mohawk
BEET—Early Blood Turnin Rooted, Yellow do., Long Blood,
Yellow and White French, Sugar, Mangel Wurtzet
RROCOLL—Purple and White
CABRAGE—Early York, Large York, Early Sugarlorf, do.
Battersea, Late Battersea, Flat Dutch, Deumhead, Large Bengen,
Drumhead Savov, Green Carled Savoy, Red Dutch
CAULIFLOWER—Early and Late
BRUSSELS SPROUTS—
CELERY—White Soild
CARROT—Long Orange, Long Scarlet, Early Horn, Altering-ham greatly increases the relative influence of the small States, compared to the large, in the Presidential election. What effect this latter element may have on the numbers necessary to elect a President, may be made apparent by a very short and simple calcula-

ENDIVE—Green Curled
EGG PLANT—
KALE—Green Curled Scotch, Rape
LEEK—Large Scotch
LEEK—Large Scotch
LEEK—Large Scotch
LEEK—Large Scotch
LEEK—Royal White Head, Ice, Brown Dutch, Early
Curled Sitesia, White and Green Coss
WATER MELON—Finest kinds
MELON—Green Curon, Nutneg, Pine Apple
NASTURTHUM—
MUSTARD—White Medicinal and Brown
ONION—Silver Skin, Vellow Dutch, Early Red
PEAS—Extra Early Warwick, Early May, Early Frame, Do-Charlton, Blue Prussian, Dwarf Marrowfat, Eishop's Dwarf Prelific
will be made apparent by a very short and simple calculation.
The population of the U. S., in Federal numbers, by
the late census, is 15,968,376. Assuming that sixtyeight thousand, the number reported by the committee
of the other House will be fixed on for the ratio of
representation there, it will give, according the calculation of the committee, two hundred and twentyfour members to the other House. Add fifty-two,
the number of the Senators, and the electoral college
will be found to consist of two hundred and seventywill be found to consist of two hundred and seventy six, of which one hundred and thirty-nine is a majority. If nineteen of the smaller States, excluding Maryland, be taken, beginning with Delaware and ending with Kentucky inclusive, they will be found to be entitled to one hundred and for y votes, one more A March 16th, 1842. 100—2aw-iw
AND COMPORTABLE RESIDENCE WANTED.—
Settler wishes to rest, for a small family, a Dwelling settler wishes to rest, for a small family, a Dwelling in the business with Thomas L. Beazley, the business will in form the become the firm of FARRISH & BEAZLEY, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, the business will in form the beazley at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on that account; making a difference of the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on the business with the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on the business with the business with thomas L. Beazley, at but fourteen on the business with the twenty-four votes on that account, being two more than

ROYAL PARRISH returns his thanks to his friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and hopes the same will be extended to the new from. He respectfully requests, that all persons indebted to him will come forward and discharge the same, as early as possible, as it is his wish to close up his individual business. E.—Parsuant to a decree of the Circuit Superior Courts of the country of Southampton, and Virginia, and to me directed, bearing date November 4 an instructed to advertise in the Richmond Enquirer, and a find now remaining under the count of the court, due as find now remaining under the count of the court, due as find now remaining under the count of the court, due as Busicer and wife, Thos. Rieves, Jas. J. Wade and wife, Porter and Charlotte Porter, and they are detacted to convertise the state of Conference of the Country Court of Handwer, pronounts of the country of Handwer, Porter and Charlotte Porter, and they are detacted to specificly, and comply with the conditions of the order country. Begins of the country of Handwer, 1841.

WHATAN ROBERTSON, Arrowsky as Law, will attend the Southama River, on the old Mountain road, lamber 18, 1841.

WHATAN ROBERTSON, Arrowsky as Law, will attend the Southama and Handwer, proposition and two females—two of them while come forward and discharge the Sams individual business in the Euclar business individual b

DR. SHERWOOD'S REMEDIES.

Frations on the use of the Remedies in different cases of the Remedies in different cases of the seem of the points or limbs, over which these plasters are applied, are cured, they are always smaller the corresponding well joints or limbs, unless from long and fiberes the house of a joint or limb have, before its applied there is the house of a joint or limb have, before its applied in the permanently enlarged.

Franch 1

Notice—The Franklin Manufacturing Company have appointed A. S. Maddox their Agent, who will be furnished at their Nill, with a large supply of all the varieties of Writing Paper made at their Nill, with a federal population of but 4,064,457, little less than a fourth of the whole, can, if they unite, overrule the will exist problem permanently enlarged.

Franklin Manufacturing Company have applied to population; and fourteen of the smallest States, with a federal population of but 4,064,457, little less than a fourth of the whole, can, if they unite, overrule the will exist problem of 11,844,919. Nay, will sell, by wholesale and retail, at such prices as cannot fail to stately the public. City and country merchants, and citizens of the State generally, are respectfully invited to examine his stock, and be care and put a veto on the whole system, by refusing to elect state department, the problem of the smallest States, with a federal population; and a fourth of the whole, can, if they unite, overrule the twolve others, with a population of but 4,064,457, little less than a fourth of the whole, can, if they unite, overrule the twolve others, with a population of 11,844,919. Nay, will sell, by wholesale and retail, at such prices as cannot fail to stately the public. City and country merchants, and citizens of the State preparation of the whole, can, if they unite, overrule the country of the whole, can, if they unite, overrule the country of the whole, can, if they united a fourth of the whole, can, if they united a fourth of the whole, can, if they united a fourth of and a half. Here a majority of States control, without regard to population: and fourteen of the smallest States, Senators; and yet this equality among States, without regard to numbers, including the branch where it prevails, would seem to be the favorite with the Constitu-VIRGINIA L. OFFICE, Recommend. Fer. 7th, 1842.

DY virtue of a resolution adopted by the General Assembly of tubercula, and about which there is no ice, but never produce any rejurious or disage stomach, or any other part of the system, as a stomach, or any other part of the system, and there is no commences immediately, or very soon entry of the commences immediately, or very soon entry of the remedies, and their action of the commences immediately, or very soon entry of the remedies, and their actions of such officers and soldiers as were returned to the remedies, and their actions of such officers and soldiers as were returned to the remedies, and their actions of such officers and soldiers as were returned to the second of the war, entitled to land bounty.

S. H. PARKER, Reg. L. Office.

S. H. PARKER, Reg. L. Office and making treaties, and in that of the judicinto office and making treaties, and in that of the

ments are tried. But we have not yet got to the end of the conse-Enquirer Office, March 10, 1842.

TROPOSALS FOR IRON.

PROPOSALS FOR IRON.

NAVY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, March 18, 1842.

PROPOSALS, scaled and endersed, will be received at this office, until 3 o'clock, P. M., of the 20th of the present month of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast, or manume, including cancer in its plants of the breast of the plants of the breast of the quences. The argument would be as conclusive against the Judiciary as against the Senate, or the Executive

It, then, the Senator's theory be correct, its clear and certain result, if carried out in practice, would be to sweep away, not only the veto, but the Executive, the Senate, and the Judiciary, as now consti-tuted, and to leave nothing standing in the midst of the ruins but the House of Representatives, where only, in the whole range of the Government numbers, exclusively prevail. But as desolating as would be its sweep, in passing over the Government, it would be far more destructive in its whirl over the Constitution. There it would not leave a fragment standing amidst the ruin in its rear.

All the aforesaid Iron must be of the best quality, and of American manufacture, without any admixture of foreign iron, and must be free from all defects whatever.

The deliveries to be in the following proportions, and at the following stated periods, viz:

One-third the quantity of the Chain Cable and Anchor Iron to be delivered on or before the 1st July next.

One-other third part on or before the 1st November next, and the balance on or before the 1st March, 1862.

One-third part of the Tank Iron to be delivered by 1st June next. One other third by 1st November next, and the balance by 1st June next. The property of these States do really constitute a nation, as the Senator supposes; if the nation has a will of its own, and if the numerical majority has a will of its own, and if the numerical majority and of the Camboose Iron, one-half on or before the 1st June of the whole is the only appropriate and true organ of that will, we may fairly expect to find that will,

The set of the Richmond Equirer, process phalodifere to use a seec arrang the seasons of the Richmond Equirer, process phalodifere to use a seec arrang the seasons of the Richmond Equirer and the season of the Ric

fused the people of the States into one, so as to make a nation of what before constituted separate and independent sovereignties. Such an assertion would be directly in the teeth of the Constitution, which says that, when ratified, bit should be binding, (not over the States ratifying, for that would imply that it was im-posed by some higher authority, nor between the individuals composing the States, for that would imply that they were all merged in one, but) between the States ra-tifying the same: and thus by the strongest implication, recognising them as the parties to the instrument, and as maintaining their separate and independent existence as States, after its adoption. But let that pass. I need it not to rebut the Senator's theory-to test the truth of the assertion, that the Constitution has formed a nation of the people of these States. I go back to the ground dready taken, that if such be the fact-if they really form a nation, since the adoption of the Constitution and the nation has a will, and the numerical majority is its only proper organ, in that case, the mode prescribed Representatives. for the amendment of the Constitution would furnish abundance and conclusive evidence of the fact. But here again, as in its formation and adoption, there is not the slightest trace or evidence, that such is the fact; on the contrary, most conclusive to sustain the very oppo-There are two modes in which amendments to the

Constitution may be proposed. The one, such as that now proposed, by a resolution to be passed by twothirds of both Houses, and the other by a call of a Convention, by Congress, to propose amendments, on the application of two-thirds of the States; neither of which give the least countenance to the theory of the Senaor. In both cases the mode of ratification, which is the material point, is the same, and requires the concurring assent of three-fourths of the States, regardless of population, to ratify an amendment. Let us now cause for a moment to trace the effects of this provision. There are now twenty-six States, and the concurting assent, of course, of twenty States, is sufficient to which an act can pass both Houses, if the members of the results that twenty of should be true to those they represent, would be 9,788, the smaller States, of which Kentucky would be the 570 against a minority of 6,119,797, instead of 8,000, steady and habitual influence over the action of the largest, are sufficient for that purpose, with a pepulation in Federal numbers of only 7,652,097, less by several hun-

the Union, as among the citizens composing the States ought to be a sufficient reason for the rejection of this shall next proceed to explain. the Union, as among the citizens composing the States themselves. Instead of a nation, we are in reality an assemblage of nations, or peoples, (if the plural noun may be used where the language affords none,) united in their sovereign character immediately and directly.

But it is not the only motive. There is another and the exclusive control in the House of Representation of this shall next proceed to explain.

Of the two majorities, which, acting either separately or in combination, control the Government, the numerical majority is by far the most influential. It has the exclusive control in the House of Representation of this shall next proceed to explain.

Of the two majorities, which, acting either separately or in combination, control the Government, the numerical majority is by far the most influential. It in their sovereign character immediately and directly

idependent existence. It results from all that has been stated, that either question, on the proper solution of which, hangs not only the explanation of the veto, but that of the real only the explanation of the veto, but that of the real stituency of ten millions six hundred thousand in the nature and character of our complex, but beautiful and harmonious system of Government. To give a full and systematic solution, it would be necessary to descend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science, and discuss veto power; because the number necessary to elect a seend to the elements of political science and the elements of political science and the elements of the elements of political science and the elements of political science are the elements of political science and the elements of political science are the elements of the elements of political science are the elemen principles little soited to a discussion in a deliberative assembly. I waive the attempt, and shall content myself with giving a much more matter of fact solution. It is sufficient, for that purpose, to point to the actual operation of the Government, through all the stages of its existence, and the many and important measures which have agitated it from the beginning; the success of which one portion of the people regarded as essential to their prosperity and happiness, while other

portions have viewed them as destructive of both .-What does this imply, but a deep conflict of interests, real or supposed, between the different portions of the community, on subjects of the first magnitude-the currency, the finances, including taxation and disbursements; the Bank, the protective tariff, distribution, and many others; on all of which the most opposite and conflicting views have prevailed? And what would be extent and diversity of condition, institutions, industry, and productions, would that be, but to subject the rest to the most grinding despotism and oppression? But what is the remedy? It would be but to increase the evil, to transfer the power to a minority; to abolish the House of Representatives, and place the control exclusively in the hands of the Senate-in that of the four millions, instead of the eight. If one must be sa-

crificed to the other, it is better that the few should be and organization of the Government and community, and by taking the sense of each part separately, and the concurrence of all as the voice of the whole. Each may be imperfect of itself, but if the construction be

There is still another impediment, if not to the endassent of each, by itself, and for itself, and is the voice of all by being that of each component part, united and not may be imperfect of itself, but if the construction be

Judiciary Department 1 refer to the right of the blended into one harmonious whole. But it is not on-

her of members controls its proceedings; thus giving to the numerical majority the exclusive control throughout. The effect is to place its proceedings in the power the Government was ordained, as enumerated in the preof eight millions of people over all the rest, and six of the largest States, if united, over the other twenty; and the consequence, if the House was the exclusive organ incrated, in the history of the Government, of the violaof the voice of the people, would be the domination of tion of the Constitution, of the assumption of powers not the stronger over the weaker interests of the communi- delegated to it-of the perversion of those delegated to ty, and the establishment of an intolerable and oppressuses never intended—and of their being wielded by the size despotism. To find the remedy against what would be so great an evel, we must turn to this body. Here an entirely different process is adopted to take the sense of the community. Population is entirely disregarded, and States, without reference to the number of people, are made the basis of representation; the effect of which is to place the control here in a majority of the States, the states of the extraordinary session. How is

the sense of the community, and each is imperfect of spect, there are but two organs through which the voice itself; but when united, and the concurring voice of of the community acts directly on the Government, the defects of the other; and, instead of the less popular derogating from the more popular, as is supposed by the majority of the States regarded in their corporate the Senator, the two together give a more full and per-fect utterance to the voice of the people than either could separately. Taken separately, six States might control the House, and a little upwards of four millions the House of Representatives is composed. These might control the Senate, by a combination of the four-teen smaller States; but by requiring the concurrent tute the Executive Department, and that department votes of the two, the six largest States must add eight and the Senate appoint the judges, who constitute others to have the control in both bodies. Suppose, the Judiciary. But it is only in their simple form for illustration, they should unite with the eight smalling the Senate and the other House, that they have a est, which would give the least number by which an steady and habitual control over the legislative acts of act could pass both Houses, it will be found, by adding the Government. The veto of the Executive is rarely the population in Federal numbers of the six largest to interposed; not more than about twenty times during 000 against 7,900,900, if the assent of the most popular branch alone was required.

Government. The same remarks are substantially applicable to what, for the sake of brevity, may be called lar branch alone was required.

dred thousand than the numerical majority of the whole, against the united voice of the other six, with a population of 5.216,279, exceeding the former by more than half a million. And yet this minority, under the amending power, may change, after, modify or destroy every part of the Constitution, except that which stroy every part of the Constitution, except that which provides for an equality of representation of the States provides for an equality of representation of the States in more perfect, their next step was to require the fact, placed substantially under the control of the pormitted as if in mockery and deriston of the Senator's theory, nineteen of the larger States, with a population, in Federal numbers, of 14,526,073, cannot, thirds of both Houses to overrule his veto. We are even if united to a man, alter a letter in the Constitu-tion, against the seven others, with a population of and which, on that account, claims a full and careful six, as has been already explained. But as large as is

FINACH—
SQUASH—Early Bush, Orange Warted, Vellow Crock Neck
TOMATO—Large Red and Vellow
TURNP—Writer Flat Dutch, Red Top, Large English, Norfolk, Ruar Raga
TURNP—Writer Flat Dutch, Red Top, Large English, Norfolk, Ruar Raga
Feb. 24

TOMATO—Large Red and BULBOUS
ROOTS—a large assort
WILLIAM PALMER.
Feb. 24

Tomato, Back Spanish
Serior Spanish
Serior Vegetable Oyster
States, with a population of only 7,227,
strong and this, too, under the existing Constitution, Surprised Corn the seven others, with a population of only 1,382,303, and this, too, under the existing Constitution, Surprised Corn the seven others of the seven others, with a population of only 1,382,303, and this, too, under the existing Constitution, Surprised Corn the surprised C majority, as well the process of amending, as in that The right of each to judge for itself of the extent of proof conclusive that the principle of plunder, so deeply majority, as well the process of amending, as in that of forming and adopting the Constitution?

All this must appear anomalous, strange and unaccountable, on the theory of the Senator, but harmonious and easily explained on the opposite; that ours is an union, not of individuals, united by what is called a social compact, for that would make it a nation; nor of Governments, for that would have formed a mere Confederacy, like the one superceded by the present Constitution; but an union of States founded on a written, positive compact, forning a Federal Republic, with the same equality of rights among the States composing motive for the provision, and were there no other, indicated the exercise of the case of the extent of the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in the power allotted to its share, and to protect itself in ours by all the precaution taken by its framers against it.

But in estimating the number of the constitution of constitution of the majority in the two Houses of Congress, but to every resolution, vote or order, requiring the consent of the constitution of the constitution of the acts of Congress, but to every resolution, vote or order, requiring the consent of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the constitution of the

> by their own act, but without losing their separate and deeper, to which the division itself of the Government sentatives, and preponderates more than five to one the theory of the Senator is wrong, or that our political its action. As numerous as are the voices required to thousand, under the late census. It also greatly pre-

> > majority to the two Houses, without which the act could not pass, would be sufficient to cleet him. That is true. But he may have been elected by a different portion of make near approach to that fatal point, ample proof the people, or if not, great changes may take place dur- may be found in the oft-repeated declaration of tho the people, or it not, great enanges may take place during his four years, both in the Senate and the House, which may change the majority that brought him into power, and with it the measures and policy to be pursued. In either case he might find it necessary to interpose his veto to maintain his views of the Constitution of the roles of the policy of the party of which he is the head.

vote of the Legislatures of the respective States, and the members of the House by the people, who, in almost all the States, elect by districts. In neither is der the exclusive control of the numerical majority—of S,000,000 over 7,000,000; of six States over all the rest—but to give the dominant interest, or combination of interests, an unlimited and despotic control over all desolvents of six States over all the states, elect by districts. In neither is there the least responsibility of the members of any one State. They are, as far as their responsibility may be concerning the influence of the numerical majority—of there the least responsibility of the members of any one State. They are, as far as their responsibility may be concerning the influence of the numerical majority—of there the least responsibility of the members of any one State. They are, as far as their responsibility may be concerning to the numerical majority—of there the least responsibility of the members of any one State. They are, as far as their responsibility may be concerning to the one absolute and single power, the will of the greater number, its action will become more and more disturbed and despotic control over all the states, elect by districts. In neither is there the least responsibility of the members of any one State. but to give the dominant interest, or combination of interests, an unlimited and despotic control over all others? What, but to vest it with the power to administer the Government for its exclusive benefit, regarding the first and people, who respectively elect them. Not states and people, who respectively elect them. Not states and people, who respectively elect them. The votes of the whole are counted affection and reverence for the Government grow affection and grow affection affection and grow affection affection and grow affection and grow affection affection and grow affection affection less of all others, and indifferent to their oppression and wretchedness? And what, in a country of such vast ble to every part—to those who voted against him, as well the system will rush to ruin; and the sword take the ble to every part—to those who voted against him, as well as those to whom he owes his election, which he must feel sensibly. If he should be an aspirant for re-election, the structure of the Government which makes the numerous lides in the favorable opinion of States that feel sensibly. If he should be an aspirant for re-election, he will desire to gain the favorable opinion of States that opposed him, as well as to retain that of those which voted for him. Even if she should not be a candidate for re-election, the desire of having a favorite elected, Governments like ours, which excludes classes. It is to a considerable extent, the same influence over him.

The effect, in either case, would be to make him look more to the interest of the whole—to soften sectional feelings and it. What then is to be done, if neither the majority nor the minority, the greater nor less part, can be safely trusted with the exclusive control? What but to vest tion, and amendment, there is not the slightest evidence, trace or vestige of the existence of the facts on which the Senator's theory rests; neither of the nation, nor its will, nor of the numerical majority of the whole, as its organ, as I shall next proceed to show.

The convention which forward is not the slightest evidence, trusted with the exclusive control? What but to vest fluence of these causes to give a more general character fluence o minant over a subject part, be it the greater or less—of the two Houses, who owe no responsibility the whole people—self-government; and if this should but to those who elected them. The same influthe whole people—self-government; and if this should prove impossible in practice, then to make the nearest approach to it, by requiring the concurrence in the action of the Government, of the greatest possible number consistent with the great ends for which Government was instituted—justice and security, within and without. But how is that to be effected? Not certainly by consistent to those who elected them. The same influence in the system a more full and perfect expression of the voice of the people of the States calculated to counteract this tendency to the concentration of all the powers of the Government.

The same influence is the direct and intelligible language,—Is there any on the aspirants for the President, in the system a more full and perfect expression of the voice of the people of the States calculated to counteract this tendency to the concentration of all the concentration of the voice of the people of the States and intelligible language,—Is there any one direct and intelligible language,—Is there any one di sidering the whole community as one, and taking its owes his election. But, be the cause of interposing owes his election. But, be the cause of interposing pression of their voice through its organs?

Yes, fortunately, doubly fortunately, there is: not sense as a whole by a single process, which, instead of a part.—
giving the voice of all, can but give that of a part.—
There is but one way by which it can possibly be acorgans, to put the Government in action against it—to

shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution, at which is shortly after the adoption of the Constitution. Such was a feet total disregard of population of only 241,450, something more than the fourteenth part of the whole, could have defeated the trainfeation. Such was the total disregard of population in the adoption and formation of the Constitution. It may, however, be said, it is true, that the Constitution is the work of the States, and that there was no adoption prior to its adoption; but that its adoption is a Representative according to its Federal numbers, and when met, a majority of the whole num-stitution. Has it effected these objects? Has it pre-

which, had they the exclusive power, would exercise it as despotically and oppressively as would the House of that, as fully as the sense of the people is taken in the Representatives.

The explanation and cause will be found in the fact, as fully as the sense of the people is taken in the action of the Government, it is not taken fully enough. Regarded then, separately, neither truly represents For, after all that has been accomplished in each is made necessary to enact laws, the one corrects and which, taken separately, or in combination, consti This more full and perfect expression of the voice of the veto of the Judiciary; the right of negativing a law

positive compact, forming a reactal republic, what the any concervable device. This of itself was an adequate other, fluence, must be taken into the estimate, and which I sune equality of rights among the States composing motive for the provision, and were there no other, fluence, must be taken into the estimate, and which I

into departments is subordinate; to enlarge the popular in the choice of the President, assuming that the basis, by increasing the number of voices necessary to ratio of representation will be fixed at sixty-eight system is throughout a profound and radical error. If obtain the assent of the people through the Senate and the latter be the case, then that complex system of ours, the llouse to an act, it was not thought by the framers of nominating having much greater influence in the latter be the case, then that complex system crours, consisting of so many parts, but blended, as was supposed into one harmonious and sublime whole, raising its front on high and challenging the admiration of the as large as is the number, were regarded as still too world, is but a misshappen and disproportionate structure. It is front on high and challenging the admiration of the structure few, and six thousand one hundred too many to remove world, is but a misshappen and disproportionate struc-ture that ought to be demolished to the ground, with the single exception of the apartment allotted to the House of Representatives. Is the Senator prepared to commence the work of demolition? Does he believe that all other parts of this complex structure are in that all other parts of this complex structure are inregular and deformed appendages; and that if they against the stronger, especially in so extensive a coun- In his hands are placed, substantially, all the honors were taken down, and the Government erected exclusively on the will of the numerical majority, would effect as well, or better, the great objects for which it was instituted: "to establish justice; en-sure domestic tranquility; provide for the common defence: promote the general welfare; and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and to our posterity. Will the Senator—will any one—can any one—venture to assert that? And if not, why not? There is the to assert that? And if not, why not? There is the

terpose his veto to maintain his views of the Constitution, or the policy of the party of which he is the head,
and which elevated him to power.

But a still stronger consideration for vesting him
with the power may be found in the difference of the
manner of his election, compared with that of the members of either House. The Senators are elected by the
terminant of the levelstance of the respective States and suit. When what was thus holdly insisted on comes to

necessarily the exponent of the strongest interest, or

There is but one way by which it can possibly be accomplished; and that is by a judicious and wise division require another key to be struck, and to bring out a by all to be the fundamental and supreme law of the more full and perfect response from the voice of the peo- land. It is full and perfect, because it is the expression of the voice of each State, adopted by the separate with reference to its different and conflicting interests, ple.

with reference to its different and conflicting interests, ple.

There is still another impediment, if not to the en-